

VILLAGE OF GARDEN CITY

# TRAFFIC CALMING SATELLITE STUDY

East Section – CAC Listening Session November 14, 2022



### **MEETING AGENDA**

- Welcome and Introductions
- Study Overview
- Discussion #1
- Existing Conditions
- Survey 123
- Discussion #2
- Possible Treatments
- Discussion #3
- Next Steps and Questions

(5 min)

(5 min)

(10 min)

(5 min)

(5 min)

(15 min)

(5 min)

(15 min)

(5 min)



### STUDY OVERVIEW

- Village-wide plan using typical study areas; focused on Village-owned streets
- Understand existing conditions
- Get community input (Survey 123 and CAC)
- Identify treatments; determine suitability
- Develop concepts for select locations
- Summarize findings and recommendations
- Report and present to Village
- Submit Traffic Calming Master Plan



# WHAT IS TRAFFIC CALMING?

The primary purpose of traffic calming is to support the livability and vitality of residential and commercial areas through improvements in non-motorist safety, mobility, and comfort. These objectives are typically achieved by reducing vehicle speeds or volumes on a single street or a street network. Traffic calming measures consist of horizontal, vertical, lane narrowing, roadside, and other features that use self-enforcing physical or psycho-perception means to produce desired effects.

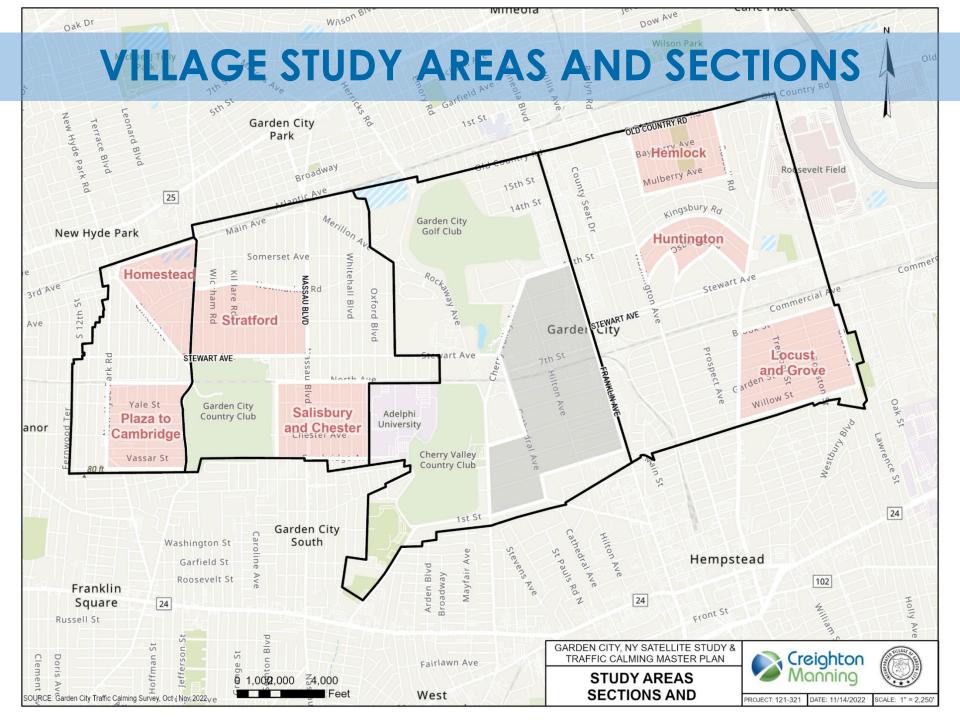
- Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)

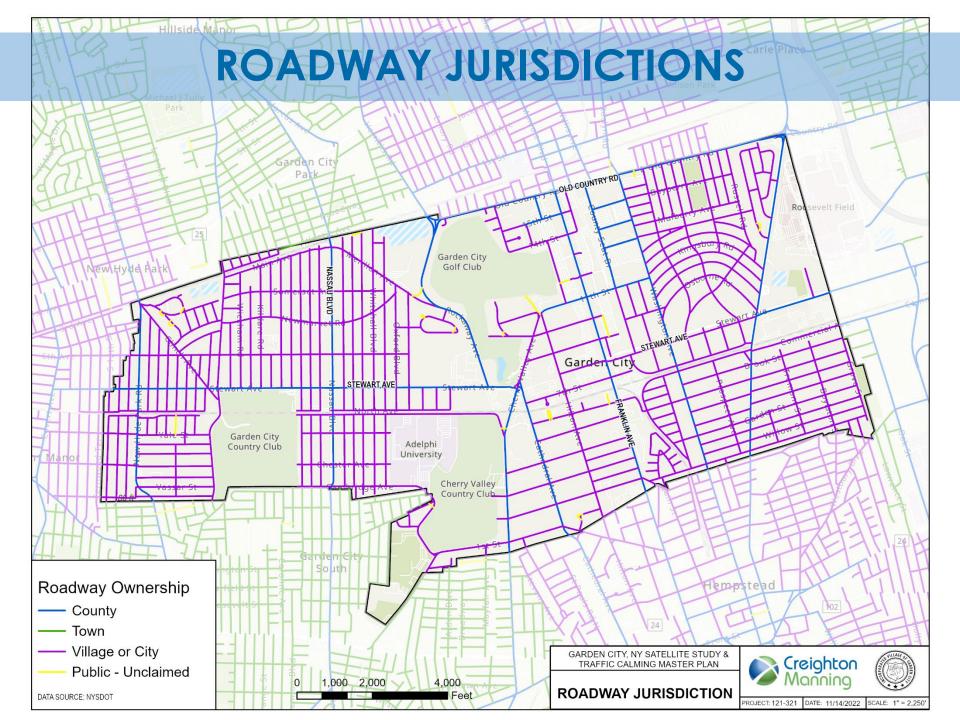
- Aims to reduce automobile speeds and traffic volumes on neighborhood streets
- Used on streets to facilitate the safe and efficient movement of all users, especially pedestrians and cyclists.
- Although mostly known as a neighborhood-specific initiative, traffic calming can be implemented on different street types and in different areas, including commercial settings and rural areas.
- Strategies are sometimes grouped into the three E's: Education, Enforcement, Engineering and Planning

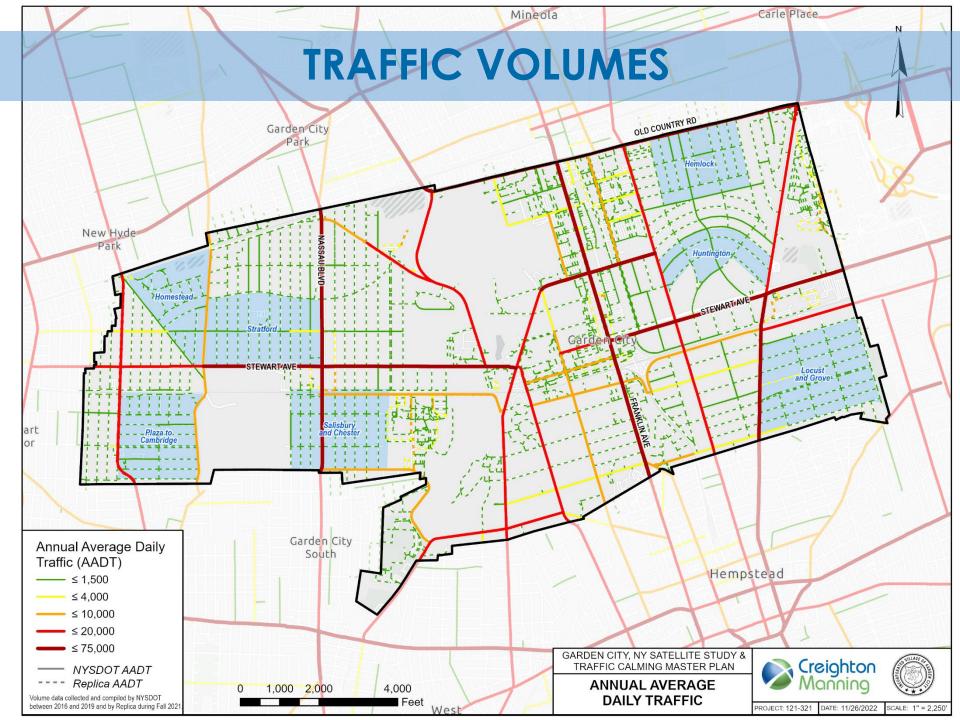
# **DISCUSSION #1**

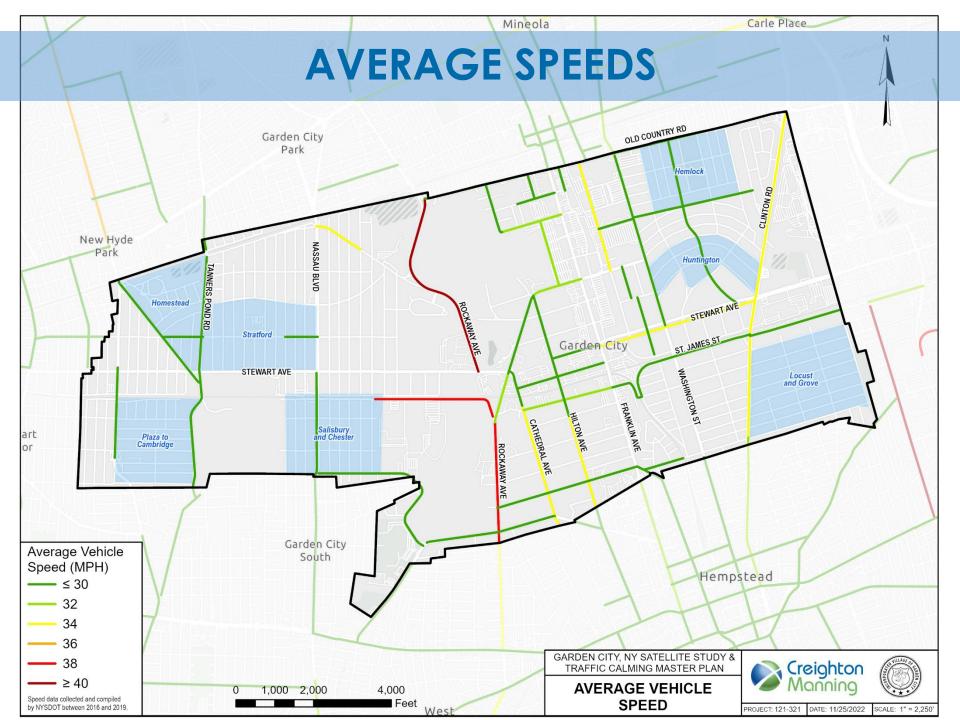
- We want to hear from the CAC...
  - Why is calming traffic in Garden City important to you?
  - What would you say is the goal of this study?
  - How would you evaluate this effort's success?

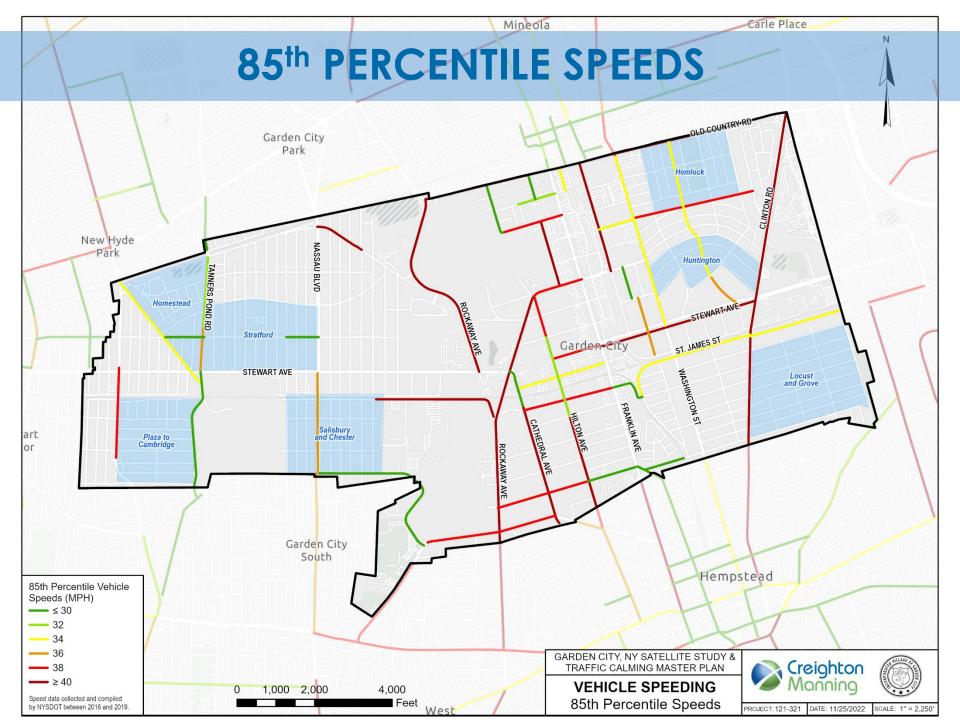


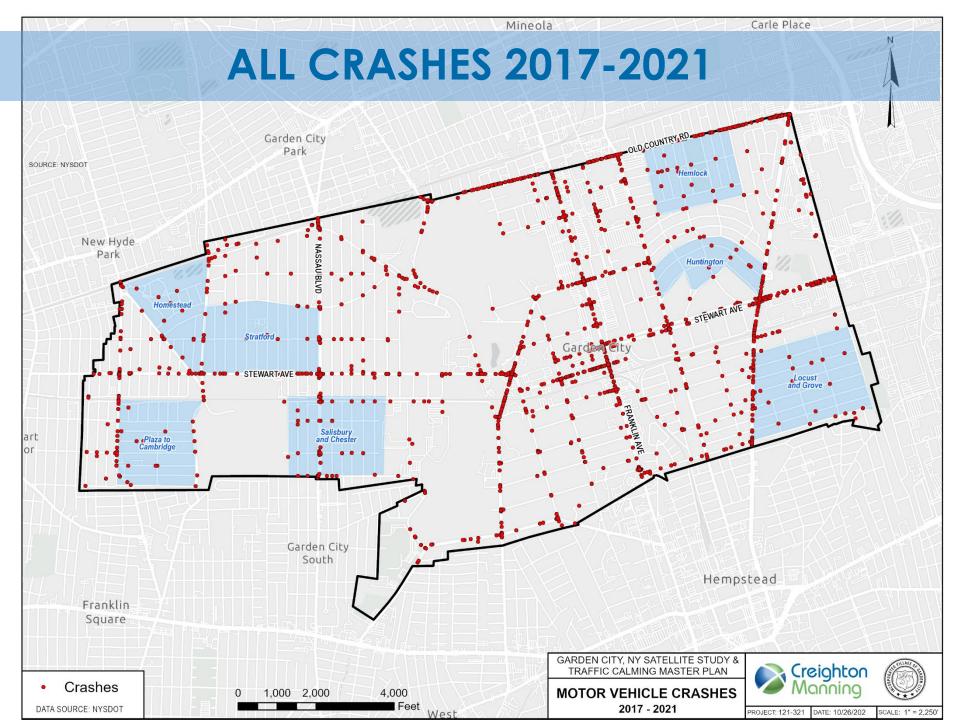


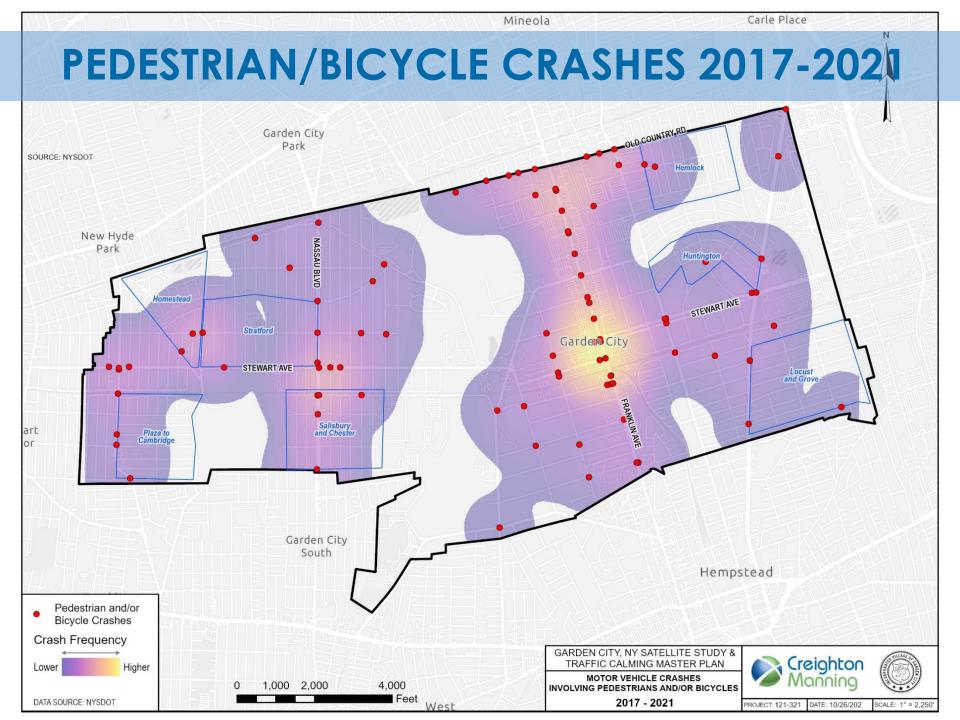












# CRASHES IN GARDEN CITY (SERIOUS/FATAL)

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Crashes	822	995	933	569	909
Crashes with Serious Injury	21	14	14	9	19
Crashes with Fatality	0	0	1	1	1

Source: NYSDOT. Data collected for the study area from 01/01/2017 – 12/31/2021.



# CRASHES IN GARDEN CITY (PEDS / BIKE)

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Crashes	822	995	933	569	909
Crashes involving Pedestrians	17	25	15	9	13
Crashes involving Bicyclists	9	9	7	8	9

Source: NYSDOT. Data collected for the study area from 01/01/2017 – 12/31/2021.



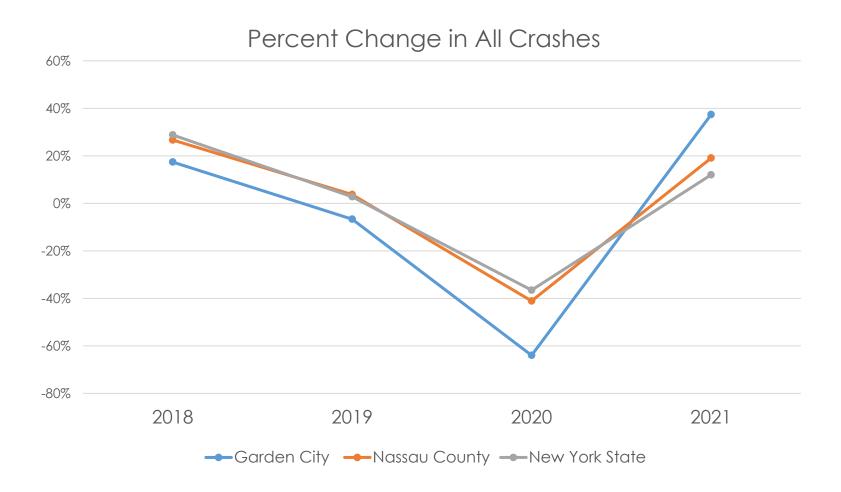
# **CRASHES IN COMPARISON**

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Garden City	822	995	933	569	909
Nassau County	29,557	40,306	41,862	29,672	36,665
New York State	309,371	434,596	447,021	327,390	372,159

Source: NYSDOT and NYS DMV



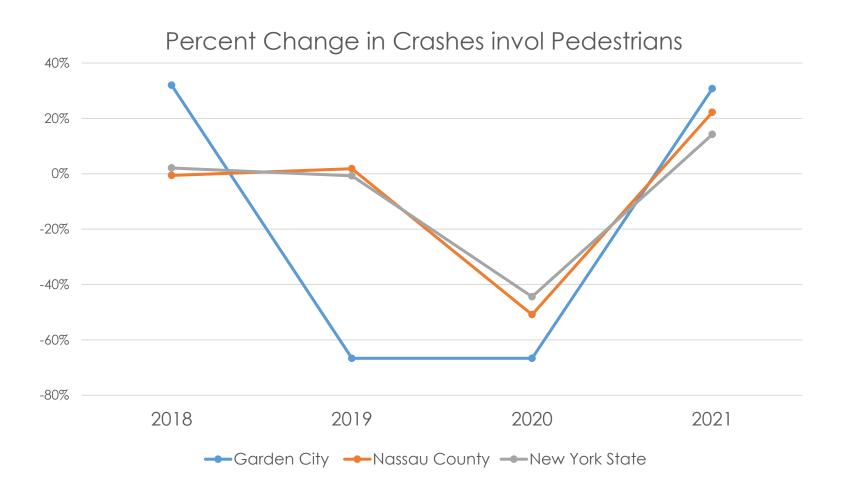
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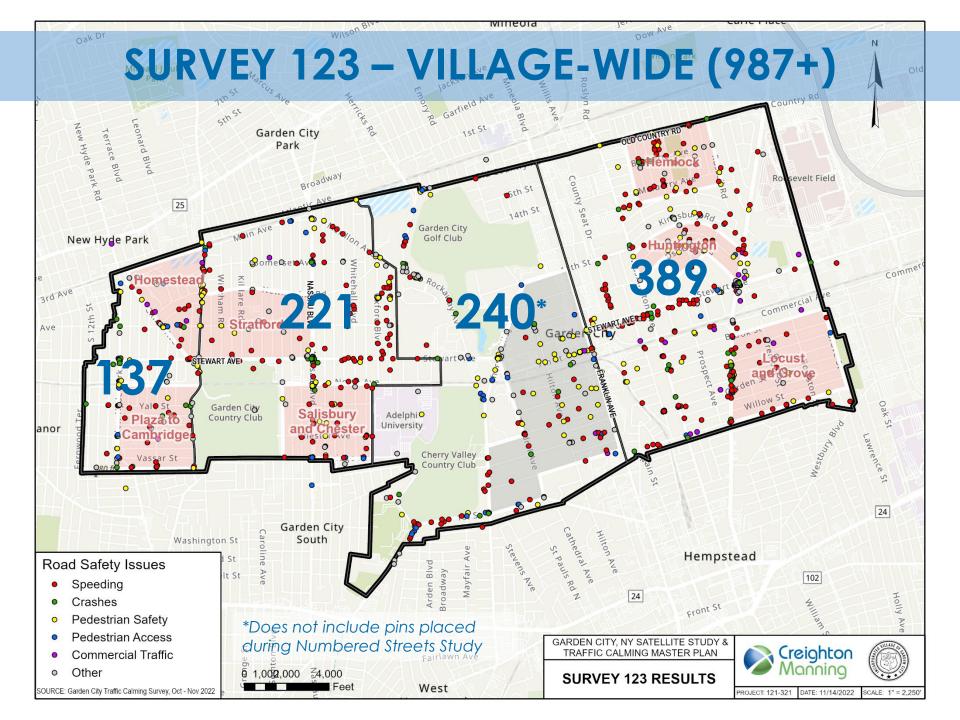


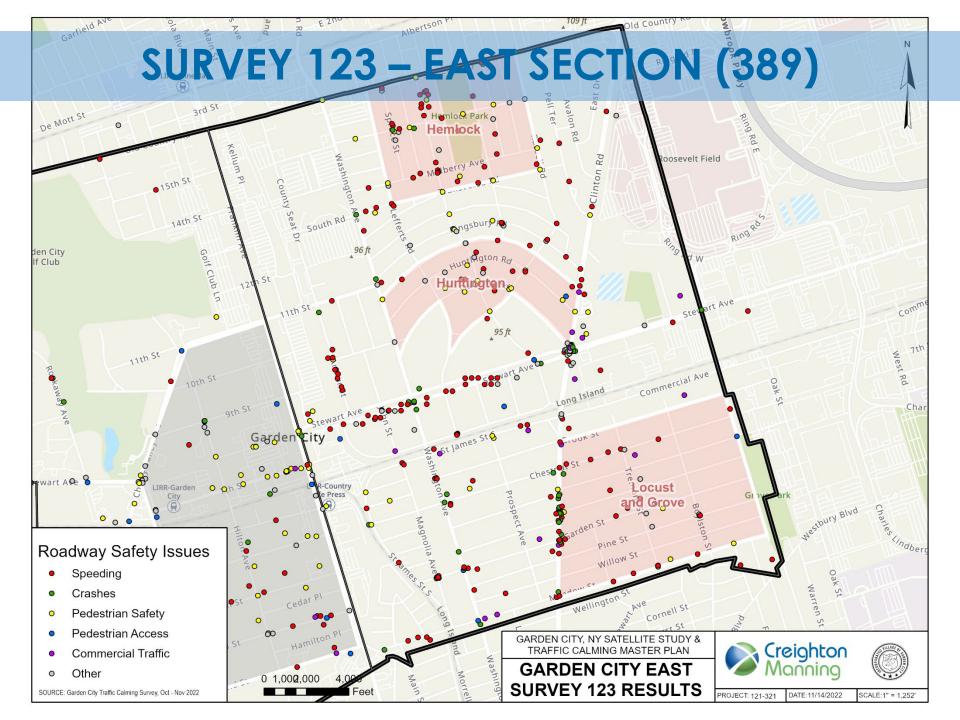
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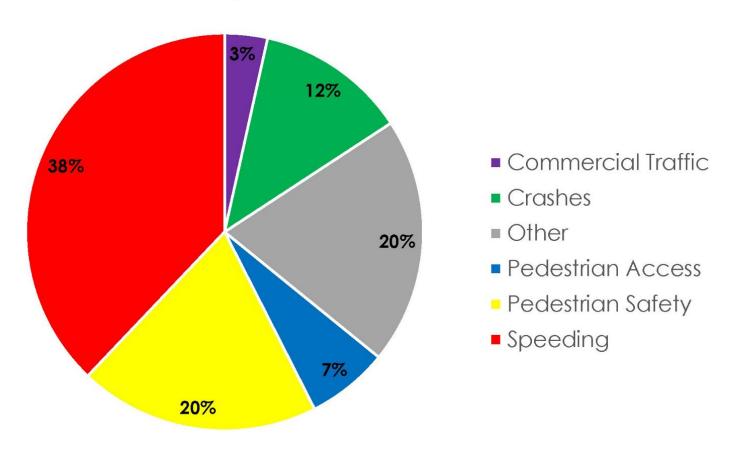






# **SURVEY 123 – RESULTS SUMMARY**

### Total Survey Responses





# **SURVEY 123 – EAST COMMENTS**

Drivers come off of Stewart Ave down Arthur St towards the courts at very high speeds during hours of 7:30 to 9:00 am. At the same time children are walking to the bus stop located on Warton and Arthur.

Motorists are constantly running stop signs primarily on Wetherill Road at the intersection with Wyatt Rd traveling in both directions

# Failure to stop at the stop sign at Meadow and Tremont.

Lack of a properly functioning intersection of two major county roads at Clinton & Stewart

Speeding Stewart ave uncontrolled please ask county for speed cameras

Pedestrian and bicycle safety and avoiding car accidents from speeding cars going through stop signs as cross traffic heading to Hempstead from Old Country Road down to Stewart Ave and beyond.

Left turn signal desperately needed at intersection of Clinton St & Commercial Ave



# **DISCUSSION #2**

- Again, we want to hear from the CAC...
- After having reviewed the material...
  - What locations are of greatest concern to you in your section / study area?



# WHAT IS TRAFFIC CALMING?

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CUSHION

#### **Enhanced Crosswalks**

- High-visibility markings, pedestrian enhancements including neckdowns, pedestrian-activated crossing warning lights
- Signs that alert drivers to yield to pedestrians

**Benefits:** Delineates preferred pedestrian paths, shortens distances between crossings, makes crossings more visible

#### **Speed Humps & Speed Cushions**

Used where AADT is <3500\* / posted speed <30mph</li>

**Benefits:** Can reduce speeds; cushions are traversable by emergency vehicles without slowing

\* Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements

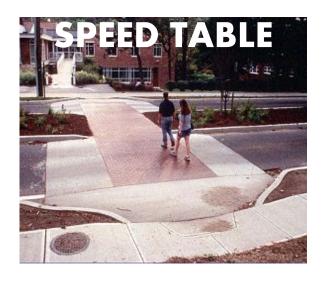




#### Raised Crosswalk

- Used with low traffic volumes at approaches / speeds <35mph</li>
- 3 to 6 inches above street level

**Benefits:** slows motorists at crosswalks; similar to a speed table,



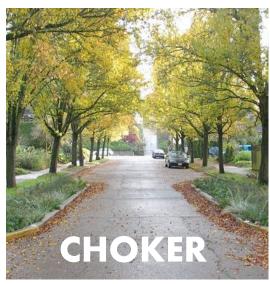
#### **Speed Table**

Used where AADT is <3000\* / posted speed <30mph</li>

**Benefits:** Can reduce speeds; provides location for mid-block pedestrian crossing; similar to raised crosswalk

\* Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements







#### Choker

- Used where AADT 1000-6000\* / posted speed <40mph</li>
- Called "Neckdowns" or "bulb-outs" at intersections

**Benefits:** Reduce speeds by restricting travel way; allows for roadside beautification

#### Chicane

- Used where AADT<3500\* / posted speed <35mph
- Design consideration should be made for drainage and utility features

**Benefits:** Allows for roadside beautification; reduces speeds by introducing horizontal elements



<sup>\*</sup> Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements



#### **Median Island**

- Used with any traffic volume / posted speed <45mph</li>
- Also called a pedestrian island

**Benefits:** Can be used mid-block, reduces speeds by narrowing roadway and alerts drivers of pedestrian crossing



#### **Road Diet**

- Used where AADT <20000\* / posted speed <40mph</li>
- Most commonly used on a four lane road;
  converted to two lanes with a turning lane

**Benefits:** Can provide additional space for other modes of transportation, slows speeds by narrowing lane widths



<sup>\*</sup> Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements



#### **Raised Intersection**

- Used with low traffic volumes at approaches / speeds
  <35mph</li>
- Works well at intersections with significant pedestrian traffic

**Benefits:** Functions like a speed hump or speed table, slows motorists, a vertical element that alerts drivers



#### **Traffic Circle**

- Slow speeds, low traffic volumes
- Installed at a junction of two local roads

**Benefits:** Reduces speed by directing drivers around the circle; reduces the number of angle and turning collisions; reduces conflict points. Can have Stop or Yield signs at approaches

\* Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements





#### **Turn Restriction Signs**

- Prohibits movements at specific times /days
- May shift traffic to nearby streets
- Can be effective, especially with enforcement
- Less effective than physical changes

**Benefits:** Reduces cut through traffic, low-cost, best if limited to certain time periods



#### **Stop Signs**

- Is a Traffic Control device; not effective for speed reduction
- Used with low/moderate traffic volumes at approaches

**Benefits:** low-cost, can reduce accidents



<sup>\*</sup> Volume and speed ranges are guide, not requirements

# OTHER POSSIBLE ACTIONS...



Requires state approval



Done in collaboration with NYSDOT



Requires state approval, reduced speeding by 72% in NYC



New law allows 25mph speed limit



# **DISCUSSION #3**

- Again, we want to hear from the CAC...
- After having reviewed the material...
  - What treatments are you interested in seeing developed?
  - What concerns do you have?



### **NEXT STEPS**

Summarize the notes

 Collect more data (speeds, volumes, etc.) at specific locations

Additional research on treatments

Begin sketching treatments



# THANK YOU

### **Contact Info**

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