





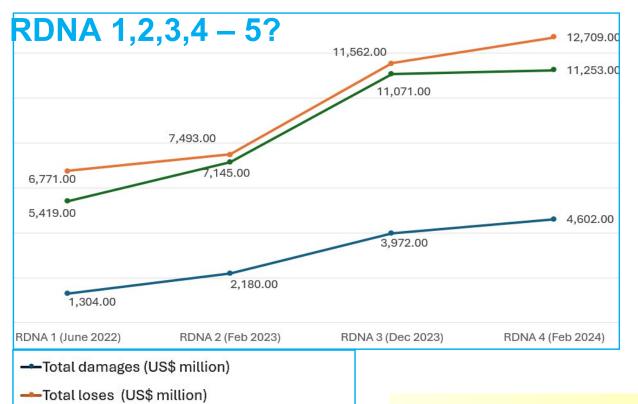




Growing impact & critical response deficit

Infrastructure Strikes (+45% / 2024)

- 2,348 residential infra, 285 schools, + 211clinics
- 499 energy infra targets: 68% reduction of pre-war power generation capacity



Total recovery and reconstruction (US\$ million

WSS Emergency needs at its peak

WSS: 8.5 M ppl in need; 2.9 M reached (June 2025)

WSS 9.7% funded / \$ 365M (vs 40%)
____www.aid.ukrvodokanal.in.ua (440 ✓ 6 - Criticality Water quality **□ 860** Water stability

Sustain humanitarian capacity to prevent system collapse

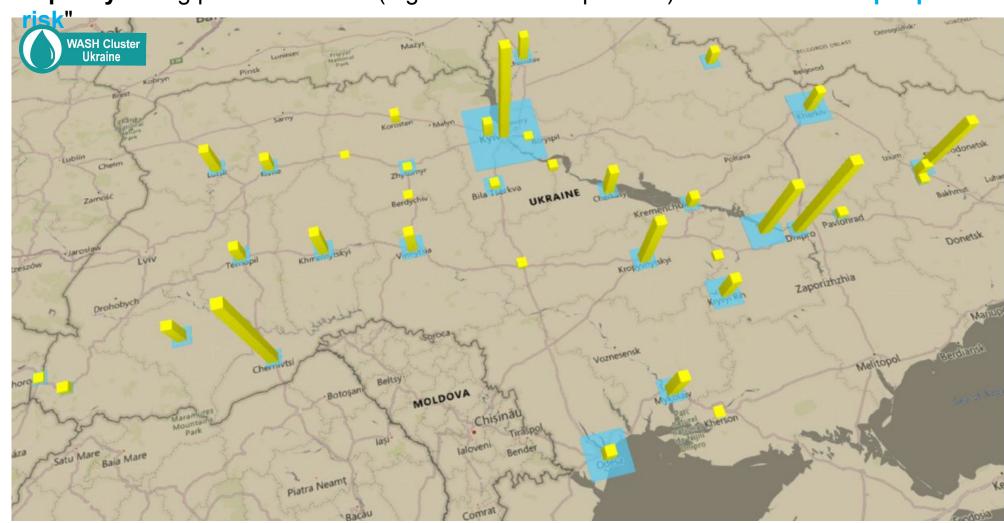
Growing impact & critical response deficit

78% of largest water utilities supplying 6 million people without adequate backup capacity during power blackouts (e.g. +1.8MW in Zaporizhia) → over 4 million people at

\$ required for back-up power supply

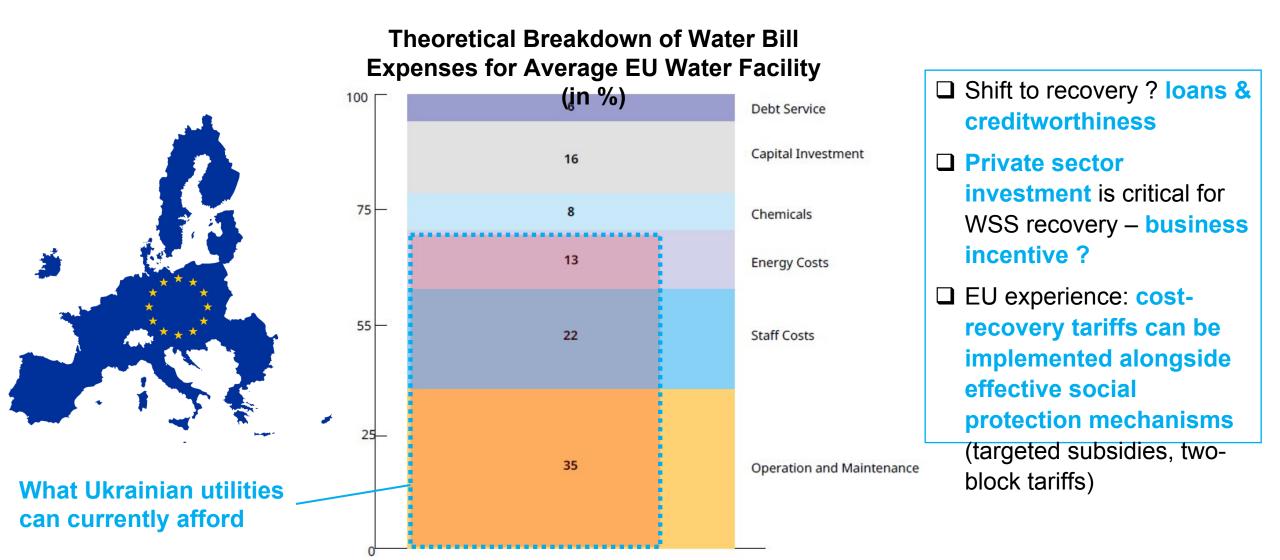
population served

\$ 11 million



structure

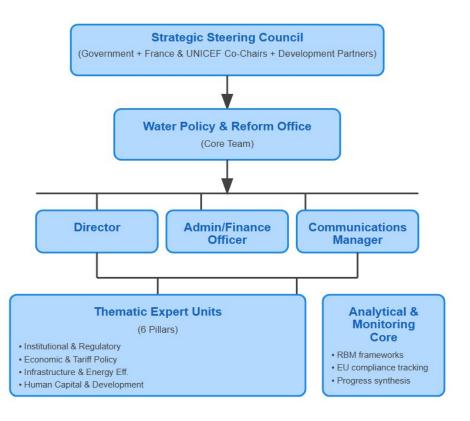
Cost vs revenues for WS&S Services



Challenges, opportunities, priorities

Opportunities

- WSS coordination established in UDP (Group 17)
- WSS Reform
 Office being
 established in
 MinDev
- M&E system and
 WQM system being
 developed (MinDev)
 Structuring
- capacity
 development:
 training curriculum,
 national trainers,
 twinning pilots...



- Reform law (Law 4196) to corporatize municipal enterprises
- Ukraine Recovery Program III & DREAM pipeline: 68 approved water supply & wastewater modernization projects (out of 131)

Challenges & priorities

- Address immediately preventable losses: energy, water, chemicals + quality of work supervision
- Critical campaigns led by the State Agency for Restoration to enable recovery not funded (energy, NRW...)
- No pipeline of WSS recovery projects: prioritization criteria and phasing aligned to budgets and needs?
- Sector still fragmented and limited coordination (MinEco, MinHealth...)
- Regulation, Institutional Dev. and coordination to accelerate Financing
- Lack of recovery plans and investment cases, pragmatic, locally owned