

## Meaning of the Seal Joh.6:27

### Meaning of a Seal

In Old Testament times, seals of authority, often made of clay or wax and imprinted with a signet ring, were used to authenticate documents, secure possessions, and signify ownership or official status, as evidenced by both biblical texts and archaeological findings



### Usage of a Seal

**Authentication:** Seals ensured the authenticity of documents, letters, and contracts, preventing tampering or unauthorized access.

**Security:** They were used to seal containers, like jars or vessels, to guarantee that the contents remained untouched.

**Ownership:** Seals could indicate ownership of property or possessions, as seen in the example of Pharaoh's signet ring given to Joseph.

**Authority:** The use of a seal, especially a signet ring, signified the authority of the person who owned it, whether a king, a noble, or someone in a position of power.

### Biblical Examples:

**1Kings 21:8:** Jezebel uses Ahab's seal to authenticate letters.

**Daniel 6:17:** The king seals the mouth of the lion's den with his own signet ring and those of his nobles.

**Genesis 38:18:** Judah gives his seal, cord, and staff as a sign of his pledge to Tamar.

**Genesis 41:42:** Pharaoh gives Joseph his signet ring, indicating his authority.

**Jeremiah 32:** Jeremiah uses seals in a legal context.

### Signet Rings:

Signet rings, with their engraved designs, were a common type of seal, used to make impressions on soft materials like clay or wax.

The rings themselves were often made of precious metals and could be quite elaborate, reflecting the status of the owner.